## HOMEWORK 6

• Section 4.5 in the book: Exercises 18, 20, 22, 26, 38, 42, 44.

**Problem 1.** Consider the equation

$$(2-t)x''' + (2t-3)x'' - tx' + x = 0$$
 for  $t < 2$ .

- (a) Verify that  $\phi_1(t) = e^t$  is a solution.
- (b) Look for a solution of the form  $\phi_2(t) = v(t)\phi_1(t)$ . Plug this into the equation and derive a differential equation for v. Solve it.
- (c) Write down the general solution to the equation.

**Problem 2.** Consider the equation

$$t^2y'' + 7ty' + 5y = t$$
 for  $t > 0$ .

- (a) Verify that  $\phi_1(t) = t^{-1}$  is a solution to the associated homogeneous problem.
- (b) Look for a solution to the inhomogeneous problem of the form  $Y(t) = v(t)\phi_1(t)$ . Plug this into the equation and prove that v' must satisfy a first order linear differential equation. Solve it and find Y.

Problem 3. Consider the equation

$$(1 - 2t - t^2)x'' + 2(1+t)x' - 2x = 0.$$

- (a) Verify that  $\phi_1(t) = t + 1$  is a solution to the equation.
- (b) Let  $\phi_2$  be a second solution to the differential equation so that  $W(\phi_1, \phi_2)(0) = 1$ . Use Abel's theorem to find the Wronskian determinant of  $\phi_1$  and  $\phi_2$  at all times  $t \in (-1 \sqrt{2}, -1 + \sqrt{2})$ .
- (c) Use part (b) to find all possible solutions  $\phi_2$  satisfying  $W(\phi_1, \phi_2)(0) = 1$ .