

HOMEWORK 2

Problem 1. a) Show that

$$\|f_N\|_p + \|f_{\leq N}\|_p \lesssim \|f\|_p \quad \text{for all } 1 \leq p \leq \infty.$$

b) Show that for $f \in L^1_{loc}$,

$$|f_N| + |f_{\leq N}| \lesssim Mf \quad \text{a.e.}$$

where Mf denotes the Hardy–Littlewood maximal function of f .

c) For $f \in L^p$ with $1 < p < \infty$ show that $\sum_{K=N}^M f_K$ converges in L^p to f as $N \rightarrow 0$ and $M \rightarrow \infty$.

d) For $f \in L^p$ with $1 < p < \infty$ show that $\sum_{K=N}^M f_K$ converges to f almost everywhere as $N \rightarrow 0$ and $M \rightarrow \infty$.

e) Show that

$$\|f_N\|_q + \|f_{\leq N}\|_q \lesssim N^{\frac{d}{p}-\frac{d}{q}} \|f\|_p \quad \text{for all } 1 \leq p \leq q \leq \infty.$$

f) Show that

$$\|\nabla^s f_N\|_p \sim N^s \|f_N\|_p \quad \text{for all } s \in \mathbb{R} \quad \text{and } 1 \leq p \leq \infty.$$

Deduce that

$$\|\nabla^s f_{\leq N}\|_p \lesssim N^s \|f\|_p \quad \text{and} \quad \|f_{\geq N}\|_p \lesssim N^{-s} \|\nabla^s f\|_p$$

for all $s \geq 0$ and $1 < p < \infty$.

Remark. Using the fattened Littlewood–Paley projections $\tilde{P}_N = P_{N/2} + P_N + P_{2N}$, one can *a posteriori* strengthen the statement in part (e) above to read

$$\|f_N\|_q \lesssim N^{\frac{d}{p}-\frac{d}{q}} \|f_N\|_p \quad \text{and} \quad \|f_{\leq N}\|_q \lesssim N^{\frac{d}{p}-\frac{d}{q}} \|f_{\leq N}\|_p \quad \text{for all } 1 \leq p \leq q \leq \infty.$$

Problem 2. Show that for $f \in L^1(\mathbb{R}^d)$, $f_{\leq N}$ converges to f in L^1 as $N \rightarrow \infty$.

Problem 3 (Schur’s test with weights). Suppose $(X, d\mu)$ and $(Y, d\nu)$ are measure spaces and let $w(x, y)$ be a positive measurable function defined on $X \times Y$. Let $K(x, y) : X \times Y \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ satisfy

$$\sup_{x \in X} \int_Y w(x, y)^{\frac{1}{p}} |K(x, y)| d\nu(y) = C_0 < \infty, \quad (1)$$

$$\sup_{y \in Y} \int_X w(x, y)^{-\frac{1}{p'}} |K(x, y)| d\mu(x) = C_1 < \infty, \quad (2)$$

for some $1 < p < \infty$. Then the operator defined by

$$Tf(x) = \int_Y K(x, y) f(y) d\nu(y)$$

is a bounded operator from $L^p(Y, d\nu)$ to $L^p(X, d\mu)$. In particular,

$$\|Tf\|_{L^p(X, d\mu)} \lesssim C_0^{\frac{1}{p'}} C_1^{\frac{1}{p}} \|f\|_{L^p(Y, d\nu)}.$$

Remark. This is essentially a theorem of Aronszajn. When $K \geq 0$, Gagliardo has shown that the existence of a weight $w(x, y) = a(x)b(y)$ obeying (1) and (2) is necessary for the L^p boundedness of T .

Problem 4 (Hardy's inequality). Let $f \in \mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^d)$ and $0 \leq s < d$. Show that

$$\left\| \frac{f(x)}{|x|^s} \right\|_p \lesssim \|\nabla |^s f\|_p \quad \text{for all } 1 < p < \frac{d}{s}.$$

Hint: Show that there exists $g \in L^p$ so that $f = |\nabla|^{-s}g$ and then use Problem 3 for the kernel $K(x, y) = |x|^{-s}|x - y|^{s-d}$.

Problem 5. Let $f \in \mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^d)$. Show that

$$\left\| \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_j \partial x_k} \right\|_p \lesssim_p \|\Delta f\|_p \quad \text{for all } 1 < p < \infty \quad \text{and } 1 \leq j, k \leq d,$$

where $\Delta f = \sum_{j=1}^d \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_j^2}$.

Problem 6 (Gagliardo–Nirenberg inequality). Fix $d \geq 1$ and $0 < p < \infty$ for $d = 1, 2$ or $0 < p < \frac{4}{d-2}$ for $d \geq 3$. Show that for all $f \in \mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^d)$,

$$\|f\|_{p+2}^{p+2} \leq \|f\|_2^{p+2-\frac{pd}{2}} \|\nabla f\|_2^{\frac{pd}{2}}.$$

Problem 7 (Brezis–Wainger inequality). Let $f \in \mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^2)$. Show that

$$\|f\|_{L^\infty} \lesssim \|f\|_{H^1} \left[1 + \log \left(\frac{\|f\|_{H^s}}{\|f\|_{H^1}} \right) \right]^{1/2} \quad \text{for all } s > 1.$$

Recall that for $s > 0$, the Sobolev space $H^s(\mathbb{R}^d)$ is defined as the completion of $\mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^d)$ under the norm

$$\|f\|_{H^s} = \| \langle \nabla \rangle^s f \|_{L^2}$$

where $\langle x \rangle := (1 + |x|^2)^{1/2}$.