

- Use the  $\epsilon$ - $\delta$  definition to show that the following functions are continuous at  $(x, y) = (0, 0)$ :

$$f(x, y) = 7, \quad f(x, y) = x^2 - y^2$$

- Section 15.2: 14, 20, 28, 40.
- Section 15.3: 16, 32, 34, 52, 68, 76.
- Section 15.4: 8, 14, 39. (Note the book's answer to the last problem cannot be completely correct — volume is not measured in meters!)
- Section 15.5: 12, 30.
- Consider the surface  $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ , similar to that in Exercise 15.5.48. (a) Show that the plane tangent to this surface at any point  $(x, y, z) \neq (0, 0, 0)$  passes through the origin. (b) Explain why the point  $(0, 0, 0)$  was excluded.
- Consider a gas whose pressure  $P$ , volume  $V$ , and temperature  $T$  are related by

$$(P + \frac{1}{V^2})V = T.$$

as well as the following path, defined for  $t > 0$ :

$$\begin{pmatrix} V(t) \\ T(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} t \\ t^{-3/2} \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a) Writing  $P$  as a function of  $V$  and  $T$ , determine

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial V}(V(t), T(t))$$

- (b) Now compute

$$\frac{d}{dt}P(V(t), T(t))$$