

MATH 234 PRACTICE PROBLEMS

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1. Evaluate the line integral $\int_C xy \, dx + y^2 \, dy + yz \, dz$, where C is the line segment from the point $(1, 0, -1)$ to $(3, 4, 2)$.

2. Evaluate the following integral by making a change of variables:

$$\iint_R \frac{x - 2y}{3x - y} \, dA$$

where R is the parallelogram bounded by $x - 2y = 0$, $x - 2y = 4$, $3x - y = 1$, and $3x - y = 8$.

3. Use Green's Theorem to evaluate the the line integral

$$\int_C \sqrt{1 + x^3} \, dx + 2xy \, dy$$

where C is boundary of the triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(1, 0)$, and $(1, 3)$, oriented counterclockwise.

4. Find the surface area of the part of the paraboloid $x = y^2 + z^2$ that lies inside the cylinder $y^2 + z^2 = 9$.

5. Let C be a simple, closed curve that lies in the plane $x + y + z = 1$. Show that the line integral

$$\int_C z \, dx - 2x \, dy + 3y \, dz$$

only depends on the area of the region enclosed by C and not on the shape of C or its position in the plane.

6. Let $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle xy, 3y, 5y \rangle$, and let C be the curve of intersection of the plane $x + z = 5$ and the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 81$. Compute $\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$.

7. Let $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle \sin y, x \cos y + \cos z, -y \sin z \rangle$. Let C be the curve given by $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle \sin t, t, 2t \rangle$ for $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$.

(a) Is \mathbf{F} conservative?

(b) Evaluate $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$.

8. Use Stokes' Theorem to evaluate $\iint_S \text{curl } \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$, where $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle \arctan(x^2yz^2), x^2y, x^2z^2 \rangle$ and S is the cone $x = \sqrt{y^2 + z^2}$ from $0 \leq x \leq 2$ oriented in the direction of the positive x -axis.

9. Fix $a > 0$. Let $\mathbf{F} = \langle xz, x, y \rangle$, and let S be the surface given by:

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2 \quad y \geq 0$$

Compute: $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$

10. Use the Divergence Theorem to evaluate $\iint_S (2x + 2y + z^2) \, dS$ where S is the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$.