

From book p. 97 | (a) - (c)  
2 (a) - (c)  
3  
4

p. 135 3, 4, 5, 6

p. 136 19, 20

and

Problem: If a constant level sound, level  $S_0$ , is turned on at time 0 in a silent concert hall, the diffuse sound level in the hall rises from 0 to a "steady state" level (in the limit as time goes to  $+\infty$ ). The rise time is by definition the time it takes for the level to reach one-half of its ultimate steady state level. Show that the rise time is (to a good approximation)

$(\frac{1}{2} \alpha) T_0$ , where  $T_0$  = the reverberation time definition the time required for a diffuse field level to drop by a factor of  $10^{-6}$  (when there is no sound source present), as discussed in class.