

Completion of Problem 2 on practice exs

From the answer sheet, we have shown that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{ix}}{1+x^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{e^2}$$

Since $e^{i2x} = \cos 2x + i \sin 2x$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos 2x}{1+x^2} dx = \operatorname{Re} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{i2x}}{1+x^2} dx = \operatorname{Re} \frac{\pi}{e^2} = \frac{\pi}{e^2}$$

Finally,

$$\begin{aligned} \cos 2x &= \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x = \cos^2 x - (1 - \cos^2 x) \\ &= 2\cos^2 x - 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{hence } \cos^2 x = \frac{\cos 2x + 1}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos^2 x}{1+x^2} dx &= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos 2x}{1+x^2} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{1+x^2} \\ &= \frac{\pi}{2e^2} + \frac{\pi}{2} \end{aligned}$$

- we have used $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{1+x^2} = \pi$. On the exam I would give you that value (or in a separate problem ask you to prove it).