

spherical co-ordinates:  $x = \rho \sin \phi \cos \theta$ ,  $y = \rho \sin \phi \sin \theta$ ,  $z = \rho \cos \phi$ ,  $\frac{\partial(x,y,z)}{\partial(\rho,\theta,\phi)} = \rho^2 \sin \phi$

1. Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \int_{y=x}^1 \sin(y^2) dy dx$ . (Hint: you should first change the order of integration.)
2. A triangular plate has the vertices  $(0,0)$ ,  $(2,1)$ , and  $(0,1)$ . Its density at  $(x,y)$  is  $y$ . Find the center of mass of the plate.
3. Let  $P$  be the parallelogram spanned by the vertices  $(0,0)$ ,  $(2,0)$ ,  $(1,2)$ ,  $(3,2)$ . Use the change of variables  $x = u + v$ ,  $y = 2v$  to evaluate  $\int \int_P (x+y) dx dy$ .
4. a) Sketch the level curves of the function  $f(x,y) = \arctan(y/x)$  (Hint: this is the polar angle  $\theta$  of the point  $(x,y)$ ), and sketch the vector field  $\nabla f$  on this same picture.  
b) Calculate  $\nabla f$ .
5. Find  $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$ , where  $\vec{F}(x,y) = (y^2 + 2xy)\vec{i} + (2xy + x^2)\vec{j}$  where  $C$  is an arbitrary curve from  $(1,1)$  to  $(2,3)$ .
6. a) Give a parametric equation for the plane through the points  $P = (0,1,2)$ ,  $Q = (1,2,0)$ ,  $R = (1,1,1)$ . Hint the easiest parametrization is  $\vec{r}(u,v) = u\vec{P} + v\vec{Q} + (1-u-v)\vec{R}$ .  
b) Find  $\int \int_T (x+y-z) dS$  where  $T$  is the triangle with vertices  $P, Q, R$ , and  $0 \leq u \leq 1, 0 \leq v \leq 1, u+v \leq 1$ .
7. Use Green's theorem to compute  $\int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$  where  $\vec{F}(x,y) = 2yx\vec{i} + 3x^2\vec{j}$  and  $C$  is the circle with center  $(0,0)$  and radius 2.
8. Use Stoke's theorem to evaluate  $\int_S \text{curl} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{S}$ , where  $\vec{F} = (x^2 + y)\vec{i} + 3xy\vec{j} + (2xz + z^2)\vec{k}$  and  $S$  is the surface of the paraboloid  $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2$  above the  $xy$  plane with normal vector pointing up.
9. Find the area spanned by the spiral ramp
 
$$\vec{r}(u,v) = u \cos v \vec{i} + u \sin v \vec{j} + v \vec{k} \quad 0 \leq u \leq 1, 0 \leq v \leq 3\pi$$
10. Use the divergence theorem to evaluate  $\int \int_S \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{S}$  where  $S$  is the sphere with center 0 and radius  $a$ , and  $\vec{F} = x\vec{i} + y\vec{j} + z\vec{k}$ .