## MATH 115B (CHERNIKOV), SPRING 2019 PROBLEM SET 3 DUE FRIDAY, APRIL 26

**Problem 1.** Let T be a linear operator on V, dim  $(V) < \infty$ .

- (1) Let W be a T-invariant subspace of V. Prove that W is g(T)-invariant for any polynomial g(t).
- (2) Let  $v \in V$  be a non-zero vector, and let W be the T-cyclic subspace of V generated by v. For any  $w \in V$ , prove that  $w \in W$  if and only if there exists a polynomial g(t) such that w = g(T)(v).
- (3) Prove that the polynomial g(t) in (2) can always be chosen so that its degree is less than or equal to  $\dim(W)$ .

**Problem 2.** Let A be an  $n \times n$  matrix. Prove that dim  $\{ \text{Span} (\{I_n, A, A^2, \ldots\}) \} \le n$ .

**Problem 3.** Let V be a finite-dimensional vector space with a basis  $\beta$ , and let  $\beta_1, \ldots, \beta_k$  be a partition of  $\beta$  (that is,  $\beta_1, \ldots, \beta_k$  are subsets of  $\beta$  such that  $\beta = \beta_1 \cup \ldots \cup \beta_k$  and  $\beta_i \cap \beta_j = \emptyset$  if  $i \neq j$ ). Prove that

$$V = \operatorname{Span}(\beta_1) \oplus \ldots \oplus \operatorname{Span}(\beta_k)$$
.

**Problem 4.** Prove Theorem 5.25:

Let T be a linear operator on a finite-dimensional vector space V, and let  $W_1, \ldots, W_k$  be T-invariant subspaces of V such that  $V = W_1 \oplus \ldots \oplus W_k$ . For each i, let  $\beta_i$  be an ordered basis for  $W_i$ , and let  $\beta = \beta_1 \cup \ldots \cup \beta_k$ . Let  $A = [T]_{\beta}$  and  $B_i = [T_{W_i}]_{\beta_i}$  for  $i = 1, \ldots, k$ . Then  $A = B_1 \oplus \ldots \oplus B_k$ .

(Hint: by induction on k, starting with k=2 as in the proof of Theorem 5.24.)

**Problem 5.** Let T be a linear operator on a finite-dimensional vector space V. Prove that T is diagonalizable if and only if V is the direct sum of *one-dimensional* T-invariant subspaces.

**Problem 6.** Let T be a linear operator on a finite-dimensional vector space V, let  $W_1, \ldots, W_k$  be T-invariant subspaces of V such that  $V = W_1 \oplus \ldots \oplus W_k$ . Prove that

$$\det(T) = \det(T_{W_1}) \cdot \ldots \cdot \det(T_{W_k}).$$

**Problem 7.** Let T be a linear operator on a finite-dimensional vector space V, let  $W_1, \ldots, W_k$  be T-invariant subspaces of V such that  $V = W_1 \oplus \ldots \oplus W_k$ . Prove that T is diagonalizable if and only if  $T_{W_i}$  is diagonalizable for all  $i, 1 \leq i \leq k$ .

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**Problem 8.** Let  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  and let

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & \cdots & n \\ n+1 & n+2 & \cdots & 2n \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ n^2-n+1 & n^2-n+2 & \cdots & n^2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Find the characteristic polynomial of A.

(Hint: first show that A has rank 2 and that  $\mathrm{Span}\left(\left\{\left(1,1,\ldots,1\right),\left(1,2,\ldots,n\right)\right\}\right)$  is  $L_A$ -invariant).