

# MATH 215A Fall 2017

## Homework 4

Due Nov 15

Please turn in the solutions ONLY to the problems marked mandatory ( $3 \times 10$  pts).

### Practice problems

1. Let  $X$  be the interval  $[-1, 1] \subseteq \mathbb{R}$  with the usual subspace (Euclidean) topology and  $C(X)$ , the set of real valued continuous functions on  $X$ .  $C(X)$  is a ring by  $f \times g(x) = f(x)g(x)$  and  $(f + g)(x) = f(x) + g(x)$ . Show that  $C(X)$  is not noetherian. [Hint : Look at strictly decreasing chain of closed sets of  $X$  and look at functions which vanish on them..]
2. Let  $R$  be a commutative ring. Show that if  $R[x]$  is noetherian, so is  $R$
3. Show that if  $R$  is a local ring and  $M$  is an  $R$ -module with composition series  $M = M_0 \supset M_1 \dots M_n = (0)$ , then  $M_i/M_{i+1} \simeq M_j/M_{j+1}$  for any  $i, j$ .

**Try and try again.** And then if needed, look up

1. A topological space  $X$  is called Noetherian if the open subsets of  $X$  satisfy the ascending chain condition (or equivalently, if the closed sets of  $X$  satisfy dcc). Show that a noetherian space is a finite union of irreducible closed subspaces. If  $A$  is a noetherian ring, show  $\text{Spec}(A)$  is a noetherian topological space. What about the converse ?
2. Let  $R$  be a noetherian ring and  $R[[x]]$ , the ring of formal power series in  $x$  with coefficients in  $R$ . Show that  $R[[x]]$  is Noetherian. [Hint : Adapt the proof of Hilbert basis theorem suitably]
3. Problem 5 in Chapter 7, Atiyah MacDonal.

**Mandatory problems**

1. Find a noether normalization of  $\mathbb{C}[x, y, z]/(xy + z^2, x^2y - xy^3 + z^4 - 1)$
2. Let  $M$  be a nonzero module over a noetherian ring  $R$ . Show that there is an ideal  $P$  in  $R$  which is maximal among the annihilators of nonzero elements of  $M$ . Show that such an ideal  $P$  must be prime.
3. Let  $R$  be a local Noetherian ring with unique maximal ideal  $m$ . Given  $m$  is principal (i.e, generated as an ideal by a single element), then show that every ideal of  $R$  is principal [Hint : If not, pick an ideal maximal among non-principal ideals... and roll with it!]