

**Homework 2** (due: Fr, 3/17)

**Problem 1:** Problem 6.2.4 in Durrett.

**Problem 2:** Problem 6.2.6 in Durrett.

**Problem 3:** Problem 6.2.8 in Durrett.

**Problem 4:** Let  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbb{P})$  be an underlying probability space,  $(S, \mathcal{S})$  be a measurable space,  $X$  and  $Y$  be  $S$ -valued random variables,  $\mathcal{A} \subseteq \mathcal{F}$  be a  $\sigma$ -algebra, and  $\varphi: S \times S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a bounded measurable function.

Suppose that  $X$  is  $\mathcal{A}$ -measurable (i.e.,  $X^{-1}(M) \in \mathcal{A}$  for each  $M \in \mathcal{S}$ ) and that  $\mathcal{A}$  and  $\sigma(Y)$  are independent. Show that then

$$\mathbb{E}(\varphi(X, Y) | \mathcal{A}) = g(X),$$

where  $g: S \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is defined as  $g(x) = \mathbb{E}(\varphi(x, Y))$  for  $x \in S$ .

This is Lemma 6.2.1 in Durrett's book (with slightly different notation), but the proof is a bit sloppy. Carefully justify all steps and in particular the measurability of the relevant functions (for example, why is  $g$  measurable?).