## Math 270C: Assignment #2

Due on Monday, April 21st.

[1] Let  $D_h$  represent the discrete Laplace operator in two dimensions arising from the discretization of

$$-(u_{xx} + u_{yy}) = f(x, y), (x, y) \in \Omega = (0, 1)^2, u(x, y) = 0 \text{ if } (x, y) \in \partial\Omega,$$

with the standard five-point, second order, discretization to approximate  $u_{xx} + u_{yy}$ . Assume that  $h = \triangle x = \triangle y$ , with  $x_0 = 0, x_j = jh$ , j = 0, ..., N,  $x_N = 1$ , and  $y_0 = 0, y_j = jh$ , j = 0, ..., N,  $y_N = 1$ .

- (a) Verify (analytically) that the (N-1)\*(N-1) eigenvectors of  $D_h$  are the discrete functions  $s^{(k_1,k_2)}$ , whose (i,j)th entry is given by  $\sin(k_1\pi x_i)\sin(k_2\pi y_j)$  for a value of  $k_1$  in  $\{1,...,N-1\}$  and  $k_2$  in  $\{1,...,N-1\}$ , and  $x_i=i(1/N)$ ,  $y_j=j(1/N)$ .
  - (b) Give a formula for the eigenvalues of  $D_h$ .
- [2] Show that the Gauss-Jacobi iteration can be written in the form  $x^{(k+1)} = x^{(k)} + Hr^{(k)}$  where  $r^{(k)} = b Ax^{(k)}$ . Repeat for the Gauss-Seidel iteration.
- [3] Repeat problem [2] from Assignment #1, using now the SOR method with a value of  $\omega = 1.5$ .