

### Math 270C: Assignment 3

Due Friday, February 3, 2006 (late homework accepted).

[1] Show that if  $A = M - N$  is singular, then we can never have  $\rho(M^{-1}N) < 1$  even if  $M$  is non-singular.

[2] Show that the Gauss-Jacobi iteration converges for 2-by-2 symmetric positive definite systems.

[3] Consider the 2-by-2 matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \rho \\ -\rho & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (a) Under what conditions will Gauss-Seidel converge with this matrix ?  
(b) For what range of  $\omega$  will the SOR method converge ?

[4] Consider the Poisson equation

$$-(u_{xx} + u_{yy}) = f(x, y), \quad \text{for } (x, y) \in \Omega = (0, 1) \times (0, 1),$$

$$u(x, y) = \phi(x, y), \quad \text{on } \partial\Omega.$$

The grid points are  $(x_i, y_j) = (ih, jh)$ , for  $0 \leq i, j \leq N$ , where  $h = 1/N$ . Assume  $f_{i,j} = -4$ ,  $\phi(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$ . The exact solution is  $u(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$ , or  $u_{i,j} = (i^2 + j^2)h^2$ . As a starting value,  $u_{i,j}^0 = 0$  is used. An iterative method will compute an approximation  $u_{i,j}^{(k)}$ ,  $k = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ . Using the lexicographical ordering, implement the Gauss-Seidel and the SOR methods, with  $h = 1/32$ . For the SOR method, use an “optimal” value  $\omega = 1.821465$ .

Define the error

$$E^{(k)} := \max\{|u_{i,j}^{(k)} - (i^2 + j^2)h^2| : 1 \leq i, j \leq N - 1\}.$$

Plot the evolution function of iterations of the errors for both methods. For G-S use 300 iterations, while for SOR use 150 iterations.