HW#1, 269C, Due on Monday, April 15

[1] Show that if w is continuous on [0, 1], and

$$\int_0^1 wv dx = 0, \text{ for all } v \in V,$$

with $V = \{v : [0,1] \to R$, continuous, v(0) = v(1) = 0, v' piecewise – continuous and bounded $\}$, then w(x) = 0 for $x \in [0,1]$.

[2] Construct a finite-dimensional subspace V_h of V (from problem [1]) consisting of functions which are quadratic on each subinterval I_j of a partition of I = (0,1). How can one choose the parameters to describe such functions? Find the corresponding basis functions. Then formulate a finite element method for (D) using the space V_h and write down the corresponding linear system of equations in the case of a uniform partition. Recall that (D) is

$$-u'' = f$$
 in $(0,1)$, $u(0) = u(1) = 0$.

[3] Consider the BVP

$$\frac{d^4u}{dx^4} = f, \quad 0 < x < 1, \quad u(0) = u'(0) = u(1) = u'(1) = 0.$$

(a) Show that this problem can be given the following variational formulation: Find $u \in W$ such that

$$(u'', v'') = (f, v), \quad \forall v \in W,$$

where $W = \{v : v \text{ and } v' \text{ are continuous on } [0,1], v'' \text{ is piecewise-continuous and } v(0) = v'(0) = v(1) = v'(1) = 0\}.$

(b) For I = [a, b] an interval, define

$$P_3(I) = \{v : v \text{ is a polynomial of degree } \leq 3 \text{ on } I\},$$

i.e. v has the form $v(x) = a_3x^3 + a_2x^2 + a_1x + a_0$ for $x \in I$, and $a_i \in R$.

Show that $v \in P_3(I)$ is uniquely determined by the values v(a), v'(a), v(b), v'(b). Find the corresponding basis functions (the basis function corresponding to the value v(a) is the cubic polynomial v such that v(a) = 1, v'(a) = 0, v(b) = 0, v'(b) = 0, etc.)

- (c) Starting from (b) construct a finite-dimensional subspace W_h of W consisting of piecewise-cubic functions. Specify suitable parameters to describe the functions in W_h and determine the corresponding basis functions.
- (d) Formulate a FEM for the problem based on the space W_h . Find the corresponding linear system of equations in the case of a uniform partition.