

HW #2 Math 265B, L. Vese
Due on Friday, October 24

[1] Let V be a complex Hilbert space, $a : V \times V \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ a sesquilinear form, $L : V \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ an anti-linear form. Assume that a is Hermitian, thus $a(v, u) = \overline{a(u, v)}$, $\forall u, v \in V$, and that $a(v, v) \geq 0$. Consider the problems

(V) Find $u \in V$ s.t. $a(u, v) = L(v)$, $\forall v \in V$,

(M) Find $u \in V$ s.t. $J(u) = \inf_{v \in V} J(v)$,

with $J : V \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ defined by $J(v) = \frac{1}{2}a(v, v) - \operatorname{Re}L(v)$.

Show that $u \in V$ is solution of (V) iff $u \in V$ is solution of (M).

[2] Consider the inhomogeneous Neumann problem

$$u - \Delta u = f \text{ in } \Omega, \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial \vec{n}} = g \text{ on } \partial\Omega,$$

where $f \in L^2(\Omega)$, $g \in L^2(\partial\Omega)$, with Ω an open and bounded subset of \mathbb{R}^2 .

(i) Derive the weak variational formulation, denoted by (V), using test functions $v \in V = H^1(\Omega)$, which is a Hilbert space.

(ii) Write the associated minimization problem, denoted by (M).

(iii) Show directly, without applying the general result, that (V) and (M) are equivalent.

[3] Let V be a normed vector space, and V^* its dual. Show that:

(i) $|||u| - |v||| \leq \|u - v\|$

(ii) if $u_n \rightarrow u$, then $\|u_n\| \rightarrow \|u\|$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$.

(iii) If $u_n \rightarrow u$ in V , then $u_n \rightharpoonup u$ weakly in V .

[4] Let V be a complex Hilbert space, K a closed, convex, non-empty subset of V , and $u_0 \in V$. Derive the optimality condition for the projection $\bar{u} = \operatorname{Proj}_K u_0$ in this complex case.