## Math 155: Homework # 8, due on Friday, March 9

- [1] Download from the class web page the image Fig5.07(b).jpg (X-Ray image corrupted by Gaussian noise).
- (a) Write a computer program to implement the arithmetic mean filter of size 3x3. Apply the program to the image Fig5.07(b).jpg
- (b) Write a computer program to implement the geometric mean filter of size 3x3. Apply the program to the image Fig5.07(b).jpg
- (c) Explain your results. Evaluate the SNR (signal-to-noise-ratio) for both results in (a) and (b) (before denoising and after denoising). Note, higher SNR, better denoised image. Let  $\hat{f}$  be the denoised image, and f the clean true image. Then  $SNR = 10 \log_{10} \frac{\sum_{x,y} (\hat{f})^2}{\sum_{x,y} (f-\hat{f})^2}$ . To evaluate the SNR before denoising, substitute  $\hat{f}$  by g in the above formula.
- [2] Refer to the contraharmonic filter given in Eq. (5.3-6).
  - (a) Explain why the filter is effective in eliminating pepper noise when Q is positive.
  - (b) Explain why the filter is effective in eliminating salt noise when Q is negative.
- (c) Explain why the filter gives poor results (such as the results shown in Fig. 5.9) when the wrong polarity is chosen for Q.
  - (d) Discuss the behavior of the filter when Q = -1.
- (e) Discuss (for positive and negative Q) the behavior of the filter in areas of constant gray levels.
- [3] (a) Download from the class web page the image Fig5.08(a).jpg (X-Ray image corrupted by pepper noise). Write a computer program that will filter this image with a 3x3 contraharmonic filter of order 1.5.
- (b) Download from the class web page the image Fig5.08(b).jpg (X-Ray image corrupted by salt noise). Write a computer program that will filter this image with a 3x3 contraharmonic filter of order -1.5.
- [4] (a) Recall the definition of the convolution f \* g(x,y) in continuous variables and two dimensions.
  - (b) Show that  $\nabla^2(f*g) = f*(\nabla^2 g)$ , where  $\nabla^2$  denotes the Laplace operator in (x,y).