

1. Compute $\mathrm{Tor}_*^{\mathbb{Z}/4}(\mathbb{Z}/2, \mathbb{Z}/2)$ and $\mathrm{Ext}_{\mathbb{Z}/4}^*(\mathbb{Z}/2, \mathbb{Z}/2)$.
2. Suppose \mathcal{A} is an abelian category such that all objects are projective. Show that in this case all objects are also injective.
3. Suppose that \mathcal{A} is an abelian category with enough injectives such that given any epimorphism $I \rightarrow A \rightarrow 0$ in \mathcal{A} with I injective, A is also injective (for example, \mathcal{A} could be the category of modules over a PID). Let C^\bullet a bounded cochain complex in \mathcal{A} . Show that there is a homomorphism of complexes $C^\bullet \rightarrow H^*(C^\bullet)$ that induces an isomorphism on cohomology (here the cohomology is viewed as a complex with zero differentials). **Note:** this quasi-isomorphism is not natural.
4. Let \mathcal{A} be an abelian category with enough injectives. Assume that for all objects A and B , $\mathrm{Ext}_{\mathcal{A}}^1(A, B) = 0$. Show that \mathcal{A} has enough projectives.
5. Let $F : \mathcal{A} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}$ be an additive functor between abelian categories. Suppose F has an exact left adjoint $G : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{A}$. Show that for any injective $I \in \mathcal{A}$, $F(I)$ is injective in \mathcal{B} .
6. Let G be a finite group and \mathbf{Mod}_G the abelian category of (right) $\mathbb{Z}G$ -modules. Let $H \subseteq G$ be a normal subgroup. Show that the restriction functor $R_H^G : \mathbf{Mod}_G \rightarrow \mathbf{Mod}_H$ has an exact left adjoint. (Try the case $H = \{e\}$ first.)