

### Problem Set 7, due Friday, May 23

1: Let  $Q$  be a symmetric  $n \times n$  matrix, and let  $c$  be an  $n$  (column) vector. Find the gradient and Hessian of the function  $w(x) = x^T Q x + c^T x$ . Find necessary and sufficient conditions for  $w$  to have a minimum at some point  $x$ . Your conditions should depend on  $Q$ ,  $x$  and  $c$ ...

2: Use the chain rule (even if you think it is easier a different way) to prove the product rule: if  $f$  and  $g$  are smooth functions on  $\mathbb{R}^n$ ,

$$\nabla f g = g \nabla f + f \nabla g.$$

3: Write a matlab program that takes as input a 4th degree polynomial in two variables (from  $\mathbb{R}^2$  to  $\mathbb{R}$ ) and finds a local minimum using Newton's method. Your code from last week will be helpful... Decide on a convergence criterion, and either output the location of the minimum if the method converges, or a non-convergence flag.

4: Write matlab code to find the best 3d order polynomial fit to 1d data  $X$  and  $Y$  in the sense of least squares. That is: find  $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3$  minimizing

$$\sum_i (a_0 + a_1 x_i + a_2 x_i^2 + a_3 x_i^3 - y_i)^2.$$

Your code should not use matlab's built in least squares solvers!