Name Haruzo Hida

Institutional Address

UCLA Mathematics Department, Los Angeles, CA 90095-1555, U.S.A.

Professional Preparation

B.A. Mathematics, Kyoto University, Japan, 1975
M.A. Mathematics, Kyoto University, Japan, 1977

Dr. of Science, Mathematics, Kyoto University, Japan, 1980

Appointments

Distinguished Research Professor, UCLA Department of Mathematics, 2020–Distinguished Professor, UCLA Department of Mathematics, 1998–2020 Professor, UCLA Department of Mathematics, 1987–1998 Associate Professor, Hokkaido University, Japan, 1984–1987 Assistant Professor, Hokkaido University, Japan, 1977–1984

Honors

Elected to American Academy of Arts and Sciences, 2022
AMS Leroy P. Steele Prize for Seminal Contribution to Research, 2019
Docteur Honoris Causa, Université de Paris XIII (France), 2015
Inaugural Fellow of the American Mathematical Society, 2012
Senior Scholar, Clay Mathematics Institute, 2010–11
Colloquium Speaker, National Academy of Science, 1996
Spring Prize, Mathematical Society of Japan, 1992
Guggenheim Fellowship, 1991–1992
International Congress of Mathematicians, 45 minute speaker, 1986

Research Interest

I study the following 4 topics: (i) p-adic Hecke algebra and Galois deformation rings; (ii) Modular Iwasawa theory; (iii) Cyclicity and indecombosability problems in Iwasawa theory via Galois deformation, and (iv) Arithmetic of adjoint L-values. I initiated the theory of p-adic Hecke algebras in 1986. The research revealed many new features of modular/automorphic forms (see Langlands' review of my Spinger book listed below). In particular, I discovered that each p-ordinary elliptic and Hilbert modular form can be lifted to a Hida family of modular forms equipped with a large Galois representation with values in $GL_2(\mathbb{Z}_p[[X]])$ and new p-adic L-functions. This theory had a strong impact upon many influential number theorists. Let me list a few of them: (1) it inspired B. Mazur to conceive his deformation theory of Galois representation; (2) it gave a foundation of the proof of Shimura-Taniyama conjecture and Fermat's last theorem by A. Wiles and R. Taylor; (3) it has been generalized to the theory of eigenvarieties by R. Coleman/B. Mazur; (4) it was used essentially in the proof by Skinner-Urban of the p-adic Birch and Swinnerton-Dyer conjecture. In addition, a proof of the anticyclotomic main conjecture (in the Iwasawa theory for CM fields) was given (under mild conditions) along the line developed by J. Tilouine and myself. Using these techniques developed in the past 40 years, I am studying cyclicity of the adjoint Selmer group of the Hecke algebra whose characteristic power series is given by the adjoint p-adic L-function of modular Galois representations described [9, Chapters 7–8]. Now I am trying to extend integrailty of adjoint L-values to Hilbert modular forms and beyond.

Publications: Here is a list of 9 books authored (or co-edited) by Hida closely related to the above description of research. A full publication list is posted (https://www.math.ucla.edu/~hida/PubL.pdf).

- [1] Elementary Theory of L-functions and Eisenstein series, Cambridge University Press, 1993
- [2] On the search of genuine p-adic modular L-functions for GL(n), Memoires SMF 67, 1996
- [3] Modular Forms and Galois Cohomology, Cambridge University Press, 2000,
- [4] p-Adic Automorphic Forms on Shimura Varieties, Springer 2004
- [5] Hilbert Modular Forms and Iwasawa Theory, Oxford University Press, 2006
- [6] Geometric Modular Forms and Elliptic Curves, World Scientific, 2011
- [7] Elliptic Curves and Arithmetic Invariants, Springer, 2013.
- [8] p-Adic Aspects of Modular Forms, edited by Baskar Balasubramanyam, Haruzo Hida, A Raghuram, Jacques Tilouine, World Scientific Publishing Co., Singapore, 2016
- [9] Elementary Modular Iwasawa Theory, World Scientific, 2022.